

## GREAT RUSS FORT TAKEN BY GERMANS

**Brest Litovsk, Mighty Fortress is Captured After One of the Shortest Sieges in History.**

## GREAT SWAMPS FAIL TO CHECK ADVANCE

**Engineers Work Night and Day and Average of Five Miles a Day is Made by Teutonic Armies.**

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—Brest Litovsk, the mighty Russian fortress behind which the grand Russian army retired after the fall of Warsaw, has been captured by the Austro-German troops after one of the shortest sieges in history.

The capture of the fortress was announced today by the German war office.

The victory is considered one of the most brilliant since the war began.

Brest Litovsk was the pivot of the second Russian line of defense. It was one of the strongest fortresses in Europe.

The fortress of Brest Litovsk lies immediately east of the Bug river, 110 miles east of Warsaw. Five important railway lines pass through Brest Litovsk.

The official report of the German war office announcing the capture follows:

The fortress of Brest Litovsk has been taken by Austro-German troops. "The Teutonic forces stormed the fortress defending Brest Litovsk on the western and northwestern fronts last night."

"As we entered the central works the enemy gave up the fortress to our possession."

With Brest Litovsk in possession of the Germans, and Grodno and Bielesk threatened with immediate capture, the Russians are now expected to retire for 150 miles before they attempt to make a furious stand to stem the Austro-German invasion of the interior of Russia.

Grodno is the only fortress remaining in the hands of the Russians on their second line and it is reported that the evacuation of that stronghold is under way.

The glory for the capture of Brest Litovsk goes to Prince Leopold of Bavaria, whose Bavarian troops took Warsaw, and to Field Marshal von Mackensen, whose group of armies worked north on both sides of the Bug river, smashing the Russian lines wherever the Slav forces made a stand.

**Cross Great Swamps.**

The great swamp region east of the Bug and northeast of Volodva, which the Russians thought would check the advance of the Teutonic forces, were crossed at the rate of five miles a day. Engineers worked day and night building bridges and plank roads over which the big guns were carried.

Austro-Hungarian troops played an important part in the capture of Brest Litovsk.

Cavalry armies under Gen. von Koenigs and Gen. Pulhadow drove

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## SIXTY WARSHIPS BOUARD TOWN

**Greatest Air Raid Since the War Began, is Reported by Paris.**

PARIS, Aug. 26.—The greatest air raid since the war began was reported today by the French war office. Dillingen, in Rhenish Prussia, Germany, was attacked by 62 war aeroplanes of the French. One hundred and fifty bombs were dropped upon the town. Great damage was done to the blast furnaces and arms factories.

Dillingen is 28 miles south of Treves and since the war broke out has been an important manufacturing center in western Germany for war supplies.

The great furnaces and mills at Dillingen at the outbreak of the war were all turned into arms and munitions factories.

The text of the official communication follows:

"In Artois, around Neuville St. Vaast and Souchez, there has been a severe cannonade and combats with hand grenades."

"In the vicinity of Felle Morte in the Argonne there has been a violent encounter with hand grenades."

"Nothing of importance has occurred on the balance of the front."

"On Aug. 24, one of our aviators bombarded the railway station at Ofenbourg, in the Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany."

"The following day a fleet of four separate squadrons of aeroplanes—62 in all—flew over Dillingen where is located factories for the manufacture of shells and armor plate."

"More than 150 shells of large calibre were dropped by the French aviators with unfiring aim."

## COURT HOUSE LOITERS LEAVE THE WORK ZONE

**Men Who Figure on "Easy" Jobs Hunt Other Resting Places After They Are Shown up.**

The men of leisure who, during the pleasant days, have been in the habit of congregating about the court house there to await the advent of some "easy" job, were conspicuous by their absence Thursday. It is true that there were a few loitering along the Washington st. side of the court house square during the day, but the members of the old guard had apparently sought other resting places. "I've got their number," said Supt. Frank Murphy of the free employment bureau, in speaking of the men who consistently evade opportunities to work, "I've got them spotted all right and next winter when they want free soup they will find themselves fooled."

"Those loafers haven't been around this morning since they saw the story in the News-Times telling how they refused to work out at Springbrook. There's a job for those fellows who don't want any kind of work, and they come around here only when the weather is bad and they think we haven't anything to offer."

"There are lots of women, too, who won't work," continued Murphy, "unless they can stay in the city and have the sort of job they want. Too many of them think more of dancing and moving picture shows than they do of earning a living. Sometimes when I want them to go to some other place they will refuse until I tell them there is a movie theater there and then they are ready to start right away."

After working all day Wednesday, Murphy and George Hess were able to find the men who were needed to work on the race track at Springbrook. Dozens of husky men refused to take a job which involved the use of a shovel.

If the particular men find no objection in the nature of the work, they prefer they usually discover that the pay is too low or the boss is too much of a "slave driver." Meanwhile factories are willing to pay big wages to secure skilled labor, but the sort of labor there is far from being enough to supply the demand.

## CATCHES FOOT IN REAR WHEEL OF MOTORCYCLE

**Leo Swartz, 15 Years Old, 1126 N. Hill st., Suffers Compound Fracture of Left Leg.**

Leo Swartz, 15 years old, 1126 N. Hill st., suffered a compound fracture of the left leg and the foot was badly crushed when his foot caught in the rear wheel of a motorcycle on which he was riding on the rear seat. He was taken to Epworth hospital where Dr. Edgar Myers attended him. C. W. Osborn, a farmer living on Rural route No. 5, Lincoln way W., was riding on the front seat.

Swartz had been in the country and was walking along the road on Lincoln way E., when Osborn rode past. The lad asked for a ride and he was brought to the city. Near the corner of Colfax and Main st., the boy's foot caught in the rear wheel and both riders were thrown to the pavement. Before the motorcycle came to a stop, Swartz's leg was broken. Osborn was not hurt.

## SUE FOR WAGES

**Work on Sewer is Held up Five Minutes by Court Action.**

Suit to collect \$8 alleged to be due as wages and to recover \$30 damages for failure to pay was filed in Justice Peck's court Thursday morning by Edward Watkins against J. H. Cahill. The defendant is the contractor constructing the Michigan st. sewer and the work on the sewer was held up for five minutes Thursday morning while a bond was filed to prevent attachment of the buckets used in the excavating.

The plaintiff, Watkins, alleges that he was employed as foreman at \$4 a day. He says that the defendant has refused to pay him for two days' work. A total of \$75 is asked to cover court costs and damages.

## IS OFF TO THE WOODS

**Father Cavanaugh Will Rough It in Wilds of Wisconsin.**

Pres't Cavanaugh of Notre Dame left Wednesday night for northern Wisconsin for a vacation. He left prepared to rough it a while in the woods. Rev. Matthew Walsh, vice-president of the university, is filling the place of Father Cavanaugh. Emmett Lenihan, who has just finished his engagement with the Redpath Chautauqua, is spending a few days at the university before returning to his home in Iowa. He will return in September to take post graduate work and also take charge of a class in elocution.

## BUSHNELL WILL DRAW FOR THE NEWS-TIMES

Another treat for its readers has been secured by The News-Times in the daily cartoon by Bushnell, the famous artist, which can be found in this paper every day in the future. The first of the cartoons appears this afternoon.

Bushnell is one of the greatest of American cartoonists. His work not only always conveys a good idea, but in all his drawings is that touch of humor needed to make the cartoon pleasant.

He will treat the questions before the American public every day. Watch for his work.

## REPORTS PROWLERS

Russell Riggs, 505 E. Ohio st., reported to the police Wednesday night that persons had been prowling about his home every night. An investigation by the police found nobody near the house.

## MARRIAGE LICENSES

Leo Kozie, watchmaker, Chicago; Lucinda Nelund, clerk.

## TROOPS ARE ON GUARD ON MEX BORDER

**Many Mexicans Are Arrested in El Paso Following Reports Attempt Would be Made to Take City.**

## HEAVY GUARD PLACED AT HUERTA'S QUARTERS

**Villa's Forces Have Suffered a Crushing Defeat at Monterey—Will Rush Reinforcements.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A conference on Mexico was held at the state department today following the call of German Ambassador von Bernstorff on Sec'y Lansing. Ambassador Naon of Argentina, Minister Mendez of Guatemala and Minister to Mexico Ortega of Guatemala, who was deported from Mexico by Carranza, called to see Sec'y Lansing. It was believed that plans to call another conference of the Latin American envoys were to be taken up.

**By Lewis T. Hatson.**

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 26.—This city is practically under martial law today after a night of anxiety due to fears of a Mexican uprising. American soldiers are stationed in various sections of the city, particularly in the Mexican quarter, and also are on guard at the international bridge.

Many Mexicans were arrested last night and early today after reports, apparently reliable, had reached the authorities that Huerta, Orozco and Carranza adherents were planning to capture El Paso and territory near the city.

Gen. Persing, commander of the eighth brigade, ordered out two regiments of infantry. Deputy sheriffs and deputy U. S. marshals were also sent to the sections of the city where trouble was feared. About midnight several shots were heard in the Mexican section, but it was learned later these were fired by officers to halt Mexicans who attempted to escape when ordered to halt and submit to search.

Heavy guards were placed about Gen. Huerta's quarters at Fort Bliss and every Mexican found in that city was arrested and held for investigation. There was considerable excitement at the international bridge when American soldiers turned back several hundred Mexicans, who were attempting to cross the Rio Grande from Juarez during the night.

## VILLA DEFEATED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Villa's forces have suffered a crushing defeat in the fighting around Monterey, according to official advices reaching the state department today from Piedras Negras. Gen. Rube Hernandez, Villa commander, withdrew from a suburb of Monterey where he has been attacking Carranzistas after he had been wounded. He lost part of his staff, it was reported, and expected to rush reinforcements from Torreon.

Gen. Villa himself led the force that recaptured Durango from Carranzistas forces and is now in Carranza department advices. The city is now reported quiet.

## FIGHTING REPORTED

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Aug. 26.—Outpost fighting south of Nogales, state of Sonora, between Villista troops under Gen. Maytorena, and Carranzistas, is reported. The town is held by Villistas. The attack is being made by 2,000 Carranzista troops under Gen. Calles.

United States troops under orders to return the fire if any Mexican soldiers sell upon American soil, are patrolling the border.

## SHIP IS SUNK

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The British steamship Windsor, 6,055 tons, has been sunk by a German submarine. Her crew were rescued and the vessel was towed to the New Zealand liner Heulmer. The Windsor hailed from London.

## SERBIA AGREES

PARIS, Aug. 26.—Serbia is reported to have given a favorable reply to the powers of the quadruple entente relative to the demands of Bulgaria for Macedonian territory.

## EDISON HAS CLOSE CALL; BACK AT WORK

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 26.—Thomas A. Edison, the inventor, was at work in his laboratory at Silver Lake today, suffering no serious effects from the splashing of potash that came near destroying his sight yesterday. His right eye was badly inflamed, but it was said there was no danger of the sight of either eye being affected. An assistant upset a quantity of liquid potash and it splinked the face of the inventor.

Mr. Edison accepted today the invitation of the mayor of Chicago to open Chicago's prosperity exposition Sept. 29. He was asked to go to Chicago and make a speech, or at least to telephone. But he lacked the time to go to Chicago and, it seems, he does not intend to. Finally it was arranged that he should push a button in his laboratory connected by a wire with the prosperity exposition, thereby officially opening it.



## MARINES FIRED AT BY HAITIENS

**Officials Believe Trouble Was Quickly Put Down—Further Trouble Feared.**

## HOME WRECKER IS KILLED BY WOMAN

**Children Were Without Food and He Refused to Keep Her.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Clasping in one arm her young baby, Mrs. Rose Trembley, 29 years old and pretty, today stood in a Brooklyn hallway and shot to death James Montery, 28 years old, an artist and musician.

Still holding the baby, the young woman went out on the sidewalk and gave her pistol to a policeman, to whom she surrendered.

Mrs. Tano told the police she shot her 20 year old and pretty, today her and her children after winning her love and causing her husband to leave her.

## MINERS RETURN TO WORK

**Situation in Welsh Coal Fields is Less Menacing.**

CARDIFF, Aug. 26.—The situation in the Welsh coal fields was less menacing today and many of the miners in the Cardiff district who had gone on strike returned to work. However, a final adjustment of the trouble is not yet in sight.

## Arrest For Murder of Gary Minister Due Today

GARY, Ind., Aug. 26.—Police working on the death mystery of Rev. Edmund Kayser, slain near his home Tuesday night, announced that they would arrest an Englishman today in connection with the pastor's murder. Behind this arrest the police are working on a theory that Kayser was active in an international conspiracy to obtain men and munitions in the United States for Germany.

A woman hidden behind a tombstone heard the slayers plotting the minister's death and gave the first clue as to their identity, the police say. According to her story four men were concerned in the plot. Chief of Police Heintz said there are a dozen people in Gary who could tell "the whole story of the murder if they cared to."

Four suspects were taken into custody by the police early today, George Snyder, a member of the Saxon Verein society of St. John's church, one of the four, bore recent bruises and scratches on his face. He told the police he had received them in a fall from his bicycle. He was released after his story was investigated.

## NO CONSIGNMENT OF GOLD ON ARABIC

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 26.—Another blow at any possible defense the Germans may attempt to make for the sinking of the White Star liner Arabic was administered today. The White Star line issued an official statement denying that the liner carried any specie.

"Inspired" articles in German newspapers had stated that the liner was carrying a big consignment of gold for J. P. Morgan & Co., to be used for the purchase of war supplies for the allies.

## GIBSON ADMITS GUILT TO COURT

**Held Under \$5,000 Bond For Fraud in Indianapolis Election.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 26.—James H. (Bud) Gibson, indicted by the Marion county grand jury along with Tom Taggart, Mayor Bell, Supt. of Police Perritt and about 121 others for alleged election frauds, pleaded guilty today before Judge W. H. Elchorn in criminal court.

Court withheld sentence and he was held under \$5,000 bond.

Gibson was to have been tried Monday on two specific indictments, one of which charged him and Frederick Coehran, along with nine other defendants, with seeking by threats of violence and coercion to induce voters and the other for violation of the primary election law.

A special venire of two hundred names was ordered drawn by the court for the trial of Mayor Bell, which is scheduled for Sept. 7.

## AMERICAN EMBASSY ATTACKED BY TURKS

ATHENS, Aug. 26.—Dispatches received today state that Constantinople advices report that Turkish mobs have attacked the American embassy at the Ottoman capital three times in attempts to capture Italians who took refuge there during the outbreaks that followed Italy's declaration of war.

"Several members of the mobs were killed by troops sent to the embassy at the request of Ambassador Morgenthau," said one dispatch. "The soldiers are still on duty. The American ambassador has declared his intention of protecting the Italians while they seek protection under the stars and stripes."

## SUB POLICY OF GERMANY IS MODIFIED

**Ambassador Tells Sec'y Lansing Message Shows Kaiser's Government Has Issued New Orders.**

## BERNSTORFF TOLD U. S. IS TIRED OF QUIBBLING

**President Has Made Up His Mind to Act Unless Explanation From Germany is Satisfactory.**

BERLIN, Aug. 26.—There will be a delay of at least a fortnight before the German government makes its official report to Washington on the sinking of the Arabic. Dr. von Jagow, the foreign minister, has notified J. W. Gerard, the United States ambassador, that the German government does not expect to have any information on the Arabic available for about two weeks.

**By John Edwin Nevin.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Germany has modified her plan of submarine warfare. Count von Bernstorff her ambassador, so told Sec'y of State Lansing today. He also told the secretary that his telegram sent from New York by direction of his government in which Germany asked the United States to suspend judgment and action in the case of the steamer Arabic, was due to his knowledge of the fact.

If the original plans of indiscriminately sinking all enemy vessels had not been changed, he said, his government could not have directed him to take the action that it did. Instead it undoubtedly would have "deeply regretted" the loss of American lives, but would have pointed out that Americans had been fully warned not to travel on enemy's ships.

Count von Bernstorff was with Sec'y Lansing for 25 minutes. He told the secretary that he as yet had received no supplemental instructions from his government dealing with the Arabic case, but that he looked for them at any time.

## WANTS GERMAN NOTE

Mr. Lansing explained that while the United States had withheld any action at Germany's request, it could not maintain that position indefinitely. He suggested that, inasmuch as a week already had passed since the Arabic was sunk, this was a situation that it should receive the German side of the matter not later than the end of this week. And it is understood that Sec'y Lansing agreed to exchange notes with the German government and its ambassador here.

Unless it shall be proven that a German submarine had no hand in the sinking of the Arabic—and Sec'y Lansing made it plain that what seems overwhelming proof is at his disposal indicating that it had—the United States must have an adequate disclaimer from Germany, repatriation for the families of the victims, and punishment for the submarine commander, otherwise it must carry through its program of reprisal. The ambassador was frankly informed, it was

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## ROOSEVELT'S TALK MAY START PROBE

**Sec'y of War Garrison to Take Up Question of Attack Made on President.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The propriety of Col. Theodore Roosevelt's speech at the military training camp at Plattsburgh, N. Y., yesterday in which he attacked the president, may be made the subject of an investigation by Sec'y of War Garrison. Asked whether he had taken any action in the matter, the secretary today stated that he had not until he had more precise statements regarding the speech.

He indicated that he was getting the facts as fast as possible. The action of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, in charge at the camp, in inviting the former president to address enlisted men and engage in army, it was reported, may be taken up.

The war department is acting, it was stated, because Pres't Wilson is commander in chief of the army and navy and an attack on him before enlisted men may have serious results. The investigation which Sec'y Garrison is making may be a broad one. It is understood that at least six army officers have made speeches at Plattsburgh in which they spoke up on lack of preparedness of the United States and upon the European war. In speaking of these subjects they violated an order of the secretary of war that such matters should not be mentioned by any army officer at any time. It is also believed they violated Pres't Wilson's orders to maintain the strictest neutrality.

When an inquiry was made at the White House today as to whether any action would be taken regarding Roosevelt's speech, Sec'y Taft referred all questioners to Sec'y Garrison. He would make no comment on the matter whatsoever.